

Works Cited

Primary Sources

"Address to the Democratic Convention accepting nomination of President." *fdrlibrary.org*, 2 July 1932, www.fdrlibrary.org/utterancesfdr. Accessed 26 Jan. 2020. This is the audio clip of Franklin Roosevelt accepting the Democratic nomination for the election. It was recorded in Chicago, Illinois on July 2, 1932. In the recording, he says that he pledges to bring a new deal to the American people.

Adult Education Program at CCC Camp, Maple Lake. Minnesota Historical Society, www.mnhs.org/mgg/artifact/adult_ed. Accessed 19 Jan. 2020. This photograph shows the CCC enrollees taking classes to finish high school in camp. The source talks about how the boys would learn in the camps.

Adult Education Program at CCC Camp, Maple Lake. 1938. mnhs.org, www.mnhs.org/mgg/artifact/adult_ed. Accessed 27 Jan. 2020. This is a photograph in a CCC library of a class being taught. The website suggests that the boys may be finishing classes needed for high school in the photograph.

Annual Report of the Director of the Civilian Conservation Corps, Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 1941. Washington, D.C., US Government Printing Office. This is a full report from J.J. McEntee, the Director of the Civilian Conservation Corps in 1941. In this report he explains changes that happened during the year, and he provides many numbers regarding enrollment, costs, and other issues relating to CCC operations.

Author's Great-Grandfather, Charles Krupa, 1940. 1940. This is a photograph of my great-grandfather, Charles Krupa, at Camp Green River in Wyoming. This photo was

taken in 1940 when he was enrolled in the CCC and working as a caterpillar operator. He came from Chicago, Illinois.

Boy Reading Funny Paper on Steps of Public Library. erroluys.com,

erroluys.com/greatdepressionarchive11.html. Accessed 2 Feb. 2020. This is a photograph of a boy in Milwaukee, Wisconsin during the Great Depression. He is barefoot and looks like he might be homeless.

The CCC at Work: A Story of 2,500,000 Young Men. 1941. This is a book that has many good pictures about the CCC, and it also talks about how the CCC planted trees. This book shows all the hard work the men did.

CCC Camp Enrollees in Massachusetts. *mass.gov,*

www.mass.gov/service-details/massachusetts-civilian-conservation-corps-ccc-archives. Accessed 27 Jan. 2020. This is a photograph of enrollees in a CCC Camp in Massachusetts. I liked this photograph because it showed many enrollees smiling with hands on each others shoulders. It made me think that they had hope for the future.

CCC Camp Mess Line. 1933. *oregondigital.org,*

oregondigital.org/sets/gwilliams/oregondigital:df66tw742. Accessed 27 Jan. 2020. This is a photograph of enrollees standing in a mess line outside. It is most likely a breakfast or dinner being served because lunches were sandwiches.

"CCC dentists will go to patients in Idaho." *Oregonian* [Portland], 8 Jan. 1937. This newspaper article states that dentists will go to each local CCC camp for 2 weeks. CCC enrollees were required to see the dentist twice each year.

CCC Enrollees. *ushistory.org*, www.ushistory.org/gov/8a.asp. Accessed 1 Feb. 2020. This is a photograph of CCC enrollees by a train. They all seem to know each other so I think they are on their way home from camp after being discharged. The source does not give a year or a location.

CCC Enrollees in Line to Eat. *nationalww2museum.org*, www.nationalww2museum.org/war/articles/should-civilian-conservation-corps-camps-train-war. Accessed 27 Jan. 2020. This is a photograph of enrollees waiting in line to get their food from a tent. It was probably an early CCC camp because the food was being cooked and served outside. Lunches were usually sandwiches taken out to where the enrollees worked. So, this was probably breakfast or dinner.

CCC Men Eating. 1933. *Civilian Conservation Corps in Idaho Collection*, www.lib.uidaho.edu/digital/cccidaho/items/cccidaho99.html. Accessed 26 Jan. 2020. This source is an image of men eating lunch at a picnic table in a CCC camp. The boys are at camp Kaniksu.

CCC Men inside the Barracks. 1 Jan. 1938. *Civilian Conservation Corps in Idaho Collection*, www.lib.uidaho.edu/digital/cccidaho/items/cccidaho620.html. Accessed 26 Jan. 2020. This source is an image of boys in their barracks who were socializing and playing on the ceiling. This image is when the boys had free time after work.

"CCC to Enroll." *Coeur d'Alene Press* [Coeur d'Alene]], 29 Sept. 1936. This is an article telling people that the CCC will be enrolling men in their area. It is an example of newspaper articles during the Great Depression advertising the CCC. It was from a newspaper in Idaho.

Civilian Conservation Corps Poster. 1941. Spartacus Educational,

spartacus-educational.com/USARccc.htm. Accessed 25 Jan. 2020. This source is an image of a Poster on the CCC for men to join in 1941. This poster was put up to get more people to join.

Civilian Conservation Corp workers pile onto a truck for a job on the Kaibab National Forest in the 1930s. williamsnews.com,

www.williamsnews.com/news/2017/jun/13/civilian-conservation-corps-helps-shape-williams-e/. Accessed 26 Jan. 2020. This is a photograph of CCC workers getting on a truck in Williams, Arizona. The text on the same page says that the CCC helped shape the towns economy.

"Class III CCC Enrollees Studying Project Math." *National Archives and Records Administration,*

unwritten-record.blogs.archives.gov/2016/08/23/classes-teachers-workbooks-school-in-the-ccc/. Accessed 19 Jan. 2020. This website has many good pictures on the young men in the CCC. This source talks about the enrollees learning math and other skills.

Compressor and jackhammer to drill rock for explosives, Lassen National Forest, California.

1934. *oregondigital.org*, oregondigital.org/sets/gwilliams/oregondigital:df66tx862.

Accessed 27 Jan. 2020. This is a photograph of an enrollee using a jackhammer. They are going to use the hole he makes to put explosives in to blow the rock.

Department of Agriculture. Federal Extension Service. "Bridge Building With The CCC 33.585."

Internet Archive, 1939, archive.org/details/BridgeBuildingWithTheCCC33.585.

Accessed 2 Feb. 2020. This is a video taken by the Department of Agriculture of a CCC

project. It talks about the CCC boys learning new skills to help them while in the CCC. It shows a group of CCC boys building a bridge.

Depression Unemployed, New York City. 1935. fdrlibrary.marist.edu,

www.fdrlibrary.marist.edu/archives/collections/franklin/?p=digitallibrary/digitalcontent&id=3476. Accessed 24 Jan. 2020. This website has all the things Franklin D. Roosevelt did in his time as president. This website had a picture of unemployed men in New York City.

Dust Bowl Farm. The Library of Congress, www.loc.gov/item/2017770620/. Accessed 25 Jan.

2020. This source is an image of a house covered with dirt from a huge Dust Storm. This source shows how much dirt and how big the dust storms were.

Eating along the Side of the Road. 20 Nov. 2019. The Balance,

www.thebalance.com/photos-of-the-great-depression-4061803. Accessed 25 Jan. 2020.

This source is an image of a boy eating on the side of the road after leaving his family farm. They are moving because of the Dust Bowl and because the huge dust storms drove them out looking for a new life.

Enrollees in the Civilian Conservation Corps in Alabama Pose in the Education Building.

Encyclopedia of Alabama, www.encyclopediaofalabama.org/article/m-8451. Accessed 19

Jan. 2020. This is a photograph showing CCC boys in an Alabama Camp. In the background you can see this is the group of boys in the educational program.

A Farmer and His Sons Walk in a Dust Storm in Oklahoma in 1936. 1936. The Dust Bowl of

Oklahoma, www.americaslibrary.gov/es/ok/es_ok_dustbowl_1_e.html. This source is an

image of a father walking through a dust storm in Oklahoma in 1936. This image shows what it was like inside a dust storm and how dangerous it was.

FDR and his Cabinet met to discuss the Emergency Conservation Work (ECW) program. 9 Mar.

1933. *ups.gov*,

www.nps.gov/features/shen/2019/ccc/lesson-1/timeline/1933-03-09-1.html. Accessed 27

Jan. 2020. This photograph appears on the National Park Service timeline about the creation of Shenandoah National Park during the Great Depression. The photograph is not very clear but I could not find any other sources. The photograph has some of FDR's cabinet members, but is missing Frances Perkins.

FDR Delivering One of His Fireside Chats. Living New Deal,

livingnewdeal.org/voices-destiny-roosevelts-radio/. Accessed 25 Jan. 2020. This source is an image of Franklin D. Roosevelt having one of his fireside chats talking on the radio.

This showed how much FDR cared for the country and helped it.

Fechner, Robert. *Objectives and Results of the Civilian Conservation Corps Program.*

Washington, D.C., Civilian Conservation Corps, 1938. This is a pamphlet prepared by Robert Fechner, the first Director of the CCC, after the first 5 and a half years of the program. In it he gives a history of the program's creation and the activities the CCC had been doing during that time.

Francis Cook CCC Camp. 9 July 1934. *The Spokesman-Review*,

www.spokesman.com/blogs/photos/2015/jun/22/francis-cook-ccc-camp/. Accessed 19

Jan. 2020. This is a photograph taken at the Francis JH. Cook CCC Camp near the

summit of Mount Spokane, Washington. The camp was opened on Father's Day 1934 and housed 200 enrollees who worked on roads, trails, and shelters.

Franklin D. Roosevelt. FDR Presidential Library & Museum,

www.fdrlibrary.marist.edu/archives/collections/franklin/index.php?p=digitallibrary/digitalcontent&id=2180. Accessed 25 Jan. 2020. This source is an image of Franklin D.

Roosevelt who created the CCC and was the 32nd President of the US. The CCC helped save the US in the Great Depression.

Franklin D. Roosevelt Creating the E.C.W. (CCC). 1933. ECW Act Is Something You Should

Read., www.southdakotacc.org/post.php?read-about=ecw-act. Accessed 25 Jan. 2020.

This source is an image of Franklin D. Roosevelt creating the Emergency Conservation Work Act, also known as the Civilian Conservation Corps. This picture shows him signing the E.C.W.

Handbook for Enrollees of the Civilian Conservation Corps: Fort Sheridan CCC District. CCC

Fort Sheridan, 1936. This handbook gave all the rules that enrollees had to follow at Camp Sheridan. It covered things like absences, appearances, bed checks, clothing, courtesy, education, inspections, laundry, and more. It also talked about hazing, hitch-hiking, and women.

Hooverilles in New York City, Portland, and Seattle. Old Photo Archive,

oldphotoarchive.com/stories/a-rare-look-inside-great-depression-hooverilles-15-photos.

Accessed 25 Jan. 2020. This source has many pictures of Hooverilles, which are small shacks that people lived in during the Great Depression. The photo I used is a huge town of Hooverilles.

Inflation. Almost Too Recent and Painful to Recall--dark Days in America's 1930 Depression.

Men This Side of the Sign Are Assured of a Five-cent Meal--the Rest Must Wait for Generous Passersby. The Library of Congress, www.loc.gov/item/2017696878/.

Accessed 25 Jan. 2020. This source is an image in 1930 of men in a line for a five cent meal. This image shows there were many people who couldn't afford food during the Great Depression because the line of men is all the way down the block.

Lange, Dorothea. *Example of self-resettlement in California. Oklahoma farm family on highway between Blythe and Indio.* Aug. 1936. *loc.gov, www.loc.gov/item/2017763111/.*

Accessed 26 Jan. 2020. This is a photograph of a farm family traveling to California after leaving their home because of the Dust Bowl. Dorothea Lange took the photo to help show how horrible life was because of the Dust Bowl.

---. Men Sleeping on Sidewalk - Great Depression. *American Suburb X,*

americansuburbx.com/2014/06/dorothea-lange-san-francisco-1935-1939.html. Accessed 24 Jan. 2020. This website had multiple pictures of poverty at the time and showed how people couldn't help themselves because they didn't have any money. The picture I used was of men sleeping on the sidewalk because they didn't have anywhere else to sleep.

---. *On highway no. 1 of the "OK" state near Webbers Falls, Muskogee County, Oklahoma. Seven children and eldest son's family. Father was a blacksmith in Paris, Arkansas. Son was a tenant farmer. "We're bound for Kingfisher (Oklahoma wheat) and Lubbock (Texas cotton). We're not trying to but we'll be in California yet. We're not going back to Arkansas; believe I can better myself."* June 1938. *loc.gov,*

www.loc.gov/item/2017770570/. Accessed 26 Jan. 2020. This is another photograph

taken by Dorothea Lange showing families affected by the Dust Bowl leaving their homes. It shows kids from several families in a truck and a young boy and man trying to fix a broken wheel.

Man Holding His Hat from the Dust Storm. FDRlibrary,

docs.fdrlibrary.marist.edu/images/photodb/27-0726a.gif. This source is an image of a man in a dust storm holding on to his hat. This image shows how hard the dust storms were and how bad the dust was.

Man Looking for a Job. History Daily, historydaily.org/job-hunting-during-the-great-depression.

Accessed 25 Jan. 2020. This source is an image of a man in Detroit who wanted a job for 7 years during the Great Depression. This image shows how many people lost all their money and jobs during the Great Depression.

Man Trying to Sell Car for \$100. 13 Apr. 2018. History.com,

www.history.com/news/what-caused-the-stock-market-crash-of-1929. Accessed 25 Jan. 2020. This is an image of a man named Walter Thornton who is trying to sell his car for \$100 cash, because he lost all his money on the stock market. This website talks about how everybody invested their money and lost it too fast for them to get it back.

Members of Kyle Canyon CCC camp raising the flag, Nevada National Forest. June 1940.

oregondigital.org, oregondigital.org/sets/gwilliams/oregondigital:df66tw49q. Accessed 27 Jan. 2020. This is a photograph of enrollees raising the flag at camp. They look like they are dressed better than most enrollees. It could be because of WWII that camps were acting more like the military.

Men in Line at Employment Agency Looking for Work. *wpafilemlibrary.com*,

www.wpafilemlibrary.com/exhibit/the_great_depression. Accessed 27 Jan. 2020. This is a photograph of men standing in line at an employment agency hoping a job will be posted. The agency posted jobs on paper on the outside of its front windows for people to read. The photograph does not say where or when the photo was taken, only that it was during the Great Depression.

Menu: Collection of menus from CCC, Co.4611, Camp Bewabic, SP-18, Crystal Falls, Michigan.

1939. *Broward County Library*,

digitalarchives.broward.org/digital/collection/ccc/id/1077/rec/44. Accessed 18 Jan. 2020.

These are 66 digital images or scans taken of menus from January 6-September 30, 1939 collected by CCC Mess Steward Charles Kwetkowski for CCC Company 4611, CCC Camp Bewabic SP-18. They show the different types of food prepared for CCC enrollees for breakfast, lunch and dinner.

1932 Democratic Convention – in the midst of scary times. 2 July 1932. pastdaily.com,

pastdaily.com/2012/09/06/fdr-accepts-the-nomination-1932-democratic-convention-past-daily-reference-room/. Accessed 26 Jan. 2020. This is a picture from the Democratic Convention held in Chicago on July 2, 1932. It was taken when FDR gave his acceptance speech.

Palmer Drought Severity Index. Aug. 1934. NDAWN, www.ndsu.edu/ndscoblog/?p=626.

Accessed 25 Jan. 2020. This source has an image of a chart showing the huge drought, which was one of the reasons for the Dust Bowl. The map shows different colors that represent how bad the drought was in certain areas.

People in a Bread Line. fdrlibrary.marist.edu,

docs.fdrlibrary.marist.edu/images/photodb/27-0639a.gif. This image is in the Franklin D. Roosevelt library, and it is a picture of people in a bread line. Text on the same page says many families didn't get out of bed. They tried to conserve energy because they did not have enough food.

Poor Family during the Great Depression. Stock System,

www.stockpickssystem.com/the-great-depression/. Accessed 25 Jan. 2020. This source had an image of a family that was living in a Hooverville that didn't have shoes and their house was made out of thrown away material. This website talks about how people lived during the Great Depression.

Radio Address to the Men of the Civilian Conservation Corps (CCC) (speech file 642), July 17,

1933. 17 July 1933. *fdrlibrary.marist.edu*, Master Speech File -> Box 15 -> Radio

Address to the Men of the Civilian Conservation Corps (CCC) (speech file 642), July 17, 1933. Accessed 27 Jan. 2020. This is an image of the speech FDR read on the radio on July 17, 1933. He tells the CCC enrollees that they represent the US and how important it is to work hard to get what you need.

Repairing truck brakes at Hemlock R. S. Camp, Columbia National Forest, Washington. Apr.

1936. *oregondigital.org*, oregondigital.org/sets/gwilliams?q=&search_field=all_fields.

Accessed 27 Jan. 2020. This is a photograph of an enrollee fixing brakes on a truck in Washington. It shows one of the skills enrollees learned.

San Antonio's City Bank Going out of Business. Digital Repository,

www.humanitiestexas.org/archives/digital-repository/run-san-antonio's-city-central-bank-

and-trust-company-during-depression. Accessed 25 Jan. 2020. This is a photo of San Antonio's city bank going out of business. This website talks about how banks went out of business and how everyone rushed to get their money back.

Several CCC men sit around a table reading while attending a class at Camp Heyburn. 1935.

University of Idaho, www.lib.uidaho.edu/digital/cccidaho/items/cccidaho26.html.

Accessed 19 Jan. 2020. This is a photograph of young enrollees in the CCC attending a class. They are at Heyburn State Park.

Shipp. *These were selected as being in the poorest physical condition -- out of 75 boys at Camp*

#7. May 1933. fs.ed.us,

[www.fs.fed.us/greatestgood/images/gallery/depression-CCC/DepressiontheCCC/photos/](http://www.fs.fed.us/greatestgood/images/gallery/depression-CCC/DepressiontheCCC/photos/photo2.shtml)

photo2.shtml. Accessed 26 Jan. 2020. This is a photograph of boys they called

"lightweights." They were boys who were in poor health. The photographer was going to take their photo again later to show how they improved.

Shmitt, Walter. *Then the Dust Drifted up behind the Tumbleweeds, Covering the Fencerows. The*

Dust Bowl of the 1930s, livinghistoryfarm.org/farminginthe30s/water_02.html. Accessed

25 Jan. 2020. This source is an image of a man trying to uncover all the dirt that covered

his fences from the dust storms. The image shows that dirt would get stuck everywhere and pile up.

Single Unemployed Men Who Passed the Physical Exam to Become Part of the Civilian

Conservation Corps Have Their First Mess at Fort Slocum in New Rochelle, New York.

1933. POLITICO,

www.politico.com/story/2019/03/31/this-day-in-politics-march-31-1243146. Accessed 26

Jan. 2020. This source is an image of men getting their first meal after they were accepted in the CCC. They were at Fort Slocum in New Rochelle, New York.

Standards of Eligibility and Selection for Junior Enrollees of the Civilian Conservation Corps.

Civilian Conservation Corps, 1938. This pamphlet gives all the requirements youth had to meet to enroll in the CCC. It also explains the application process and lists the responsibilities of local selecting agencies.

This Boy Met All of the Necessary Requirements and Seems Happy That He Was Accepted as an Enrollee. CONTENTdm, digitalarchives.broward.org/digital/collection/ccc/id/25.

Accessed 26 Jan. 2020. This source is an image of a boy getting his clothes to join the CCC because he had all of the necessary requirements. The boy looks happy and ready to start working in the CCC.

United States, Executive Office of the President. Executive Order 6101: Relief of Unemployment Through the Performance of Useful Public Work. 5 Apr. 1933. *Code of Federal Regulations*, vol. 3. fdrlibrary.marist.edu,

www.fdrlibrary.marist.edu/_resources/images/eo/eo0001.pdf. Accessed 27 Jan. 2020.

This is the Executive Order FDR signed creating the CCC. At the time it was known as the Emergency Conservation Work Act.

Universal Studios. "President Visits Foresters, 1933/08/14." *Internet Archives*, 1933,

archive.org/details/1933-08-14_President_Visits_Foresters. Accessed 2 Feb. 2020. This is a video that advertised the CCC. It was made by Universal Studios. It shows parts of FDR's visit to camps in Shenandoah Park in Virginia.

Walker, Evans. *Young Boy Moving Away from His Family Farm*. 1935. PICRYL, picryl.com/media/westmoreland-county-pennsylvania-e7fcda. Accessed 24 Jan. 2020.

This website has a picture of a farm boy in Pennsylvania who was moving away from his family's farm to start a new life. This picture was very helpful because it went right into my website on the Dust Bowl.

War Department. *Civilization Conservation Corps Regulations*. Vol. 1, Washington DC, United States Govt Printing Office, 1937. 3 vols. These are the regulations printed in 1937 which explain the rules for the Civilian Conservation Corps. They include how the CCC is organized and many rules regarding how things are handled like shelter, transportation, wages, food, medical service, sanitation, education, and enrollment.

Who Needs a Gym When You Can Join the CCC. state.al.us, accessdl.state.al.us/AventaCourses/ua_dev/us_history_11_ua_v10/8_unit/08-04/explore/160_t02_xp1.htm. Accessed 26 Jan. 2020. This photograph shows CCC boys who have put on weight and gained lots of muscles from their work. The time in the CCC really helped the young men develop healthier bodies.

Young Boy Bare Foot in the Snow. *MSN*, www.msn.com/en-gb/news/world/heartbreaking-images-taken-at-the-height-of-the-great-depression-show-children-barefoot-in-the-snow-and-living-in-squalid-conditions/ss-AABxxXR#image=1. Accessed 24 Jan. 2020. This image is a young boy that was mining coal in the winter without shoes. This was helpful because I used this picture to show people didn't have the money to buy important needs.

Young Boy Living in a Hooverville. The Vintage News,

www.thevintagenews.com/2016/04/11/life-in-hooverville-photos-of-inside-the-shanty-towns-of-the-great-depression/. Accessed 25 Jan. 2020. This source is an image of a young boy who lives in a Hooverville and doesn't have any good clothes or shoes. This shows how most families did not have enough money.

Secondary Sources

Alexander, Benjamin F. *The New Deal's Forest Army: How the Civilian Conservation Corps*

Worked. Baltimore, Johns Hopkins UP, 2018. This book was about the creation of the Civilian Conservation Corps and what jobs the men worked on. I learned how World War II ended the Civilian Conservation Corps.

Apps, Jerold W. *The Civilian Conservation Corps in Wisconsin: Nature's Army at Work*.

Madison, Wisconsin Historical Society Press, 2019. The book, [The Civilian Conservation Corps in Wisconsin](#), helped me learn about how the Civilian Conservation Corps reforested the land by planting thousands of trees. This book had many diaries, journals, and letters from the young men who worked in the Civilian Conservation Corps.

The Art of Manliness. 14 Jan. 2019,

www.artofmanliness.com/articles/the-civilian-conservation-corps-training-a-generation-in-manliness/. Accessed 23 Dec. 2019. This source talks about how the Great Depression hurt young men, and how the Civilian Conservation Corps helped them get back on their feet. It also told me about the background of the Civilian Conservation Corps.

Banks Failing and People Are Trying to Get Their Money Back. 30 July 2019. *Bitcoin News*,
news.bitcoin.com/three-bank-failures-open-new-chapter-in-never-ending-financial-crisis/
 . Accessed 25 Jan. 2020. This source has a picture of when the banks were failing and
 many people trying to get their money back. It talked about how failing banks were one
 of the main reasons for the Great Depression.

Barnett, James P., and Anna C. Burns. *The Work of the Civilian Conservation Corps Pioneering
 Conservation in Louisiana*. Government Publishing Office, 2012. This book focuses on
 enrollees in CCC camps located in Louisiana. It has stories from each of the specific
 camps along with projects each camp did. It also contains historical context along with
 details about the CCC in general.

"Boundless US History." *Lumen*,
courses.lumenlearning.com/boundless-ushistory/chapter/the-great-depression/. Accessed
 5 Jan. 2020. This website told me many reasons why the Great Depression started, and
 how it led to FDR's election. It also had many good photographs about the stock market
 crash and many more.

CCC Boys Rotated Kitchen Duty. *HowStuffWorks*,
[money.howstuffworks.com/economics/volunteer/organizations/civilian-conservation-cor
 pp2.htm](https://money.howstuffworks.com/economics/volunteer/organizations/civilian-conservation-corpp2.htm). Accessed 26 Jan. 2020. This source is an image of boys on kitchen duty cooking
 food for the other boys in the camp. Some CCC boys learned to be good cooks.

CCC Boys Trying on Shoes. *Encyclopædia Britannica*,
www.britannica.com/event/Great-Depression/Portrayals-of-hope. Accessed 25 Jan. 2020.

This source is an image of CCC boys trying on shoes, because many of them did not have shoes of their own. The image shows how poor everyone was who joined the CCC.

Charles Rivers Editors, editor. *The Civilian Conservation Corps: The History of the New Deal's Famous Jobs Program during the Great Depression*. North Charleston, CreateSpace Independent Publishing Platform, 2016. I learned from this source many details on how the government recruited men, and what it was like in the camps. The book told me how at first they desegregated the Civilian Conservation Corps and young men were of different races. The book also listed many accomplishments the Civilian Conservation Corps made.

"Children and the Great Depression." *Digital History*,

www.digitalhistory.uh.edu/active_learning/explorations/children_depression/depression_children_menu.cfm. Accessed 24 Jan. 2020. This is a website that told me numbers and dates of the Great Depression. This website showed homeless people who didn't have enough money to keep their families well fed.

"Civilian Conservation Corps (CCC) (1933)." *Living New Deal*,

livingnewdeal.org/glossary/civilian-conservation-corps-ccc-1933/. Accessed 23 Dec. 2019. This website told me about how the Civilian Conservation Corps helped the young men earn money, learn skills, and more. I learned from this source all of the Civilian Conservation Corps accomplishments.

"The Civilian Conservation Corps, Season 1, Ep. 2." Directed by Robert Stone. *American Experience: The 1930s*, 2009. *pbs.com*, PBS,

www.pbs.org/wgbh/americanexperience/collections/1930s/. Accessed 27 Jan. 2020. This

movie was part of a 5 part series on the "American Experience: The 1930s." Episode 2 contained photos, audio, and videos of the CCC in the 1930s. It also had current interviews of enrollees talking about their experience. Many of these same enrollee's interviews are in books I read by Charles Rivers and Maher.

Cohen, Stan. *The Tree Army: A Pictorial History of the Civilian Conservation Corps, 1933-1942*.

Revised edition. ed., Missoula, Mountain Press Publishing Company, 2018. This book explained events that were going on during the Civilian Conservation Corps and had a lot of background information in it. There were many different pictures that were very useful in understanding what the book was explaining.

Cornelise, Alfred E. *The CCC Chronicles: Camp Newspapers of the Civilian Conservation*

Corps, 1933-1942. Jefferson, McFarland & Co., Inc., Publishers, 2004. This book has information on how FDR started the CCC and how he had the idea. The book talks a lot about all the jobs the men had to do in the Civilian Conservation Corps. It shows camp journalism and how they made newspapers with news going on at the time.

Digital History. www.digitalhistory.uh.edu/disp_textbook.cfm?smtID=2&psid=3434. Accessed

12 Jan. 2020. This website talks about how hard it was for many families during the Great Depression to live. The source helped me learn about how the jobless families didn't have enough food or money.

The Dust Bowl of the 1930s. livinghistoryfarm.org/farminginthe30s/water_02.html. Accessed 23

Jan. 2020. This source talks about the Dust Bowl, how many people who went through it, and what they thought about it. This source gave me a lot of information about how families moved and abandoned their farms looking for a new start.

Dust Storm Moving Over Fields. 4 Dec. 2019. *Facts.net*,

facts.net/history/disasters/dust-bowl-facts. Accessed 25 Jan. 2020. This source has an image of the dust storm during the Dust Bowl covering fields and houses. This image shows how the farmers' crops did not grow and how huge the storms were.

FDR Monument. *pinterest.com*, www.pinterest.com/pin/173599760614408045/. Accessed 26

Jan. 2020. This is a photograph on Pinterest of one of FDR's quotes engraved on the monument in his name. The link to the source was deleted, but the photograph was still the clearest photo of FDR's CCC quote on the monument I could find.

"Great Depression." *Facts About the Depression*, 28 Oct. 2012,

great-depression-facts.com/dust-bowl-facts/104/. Accessed 23 Dec. 2019. This is an article about the Dust Bowl in 1932. It talks about how the Dust Bowl helped cause the Great Depression.

"The Great Depression and Its Causes." *ThoughtCo*, 28 Oct. 2019,

www.thoughtco.com/causes-of-the-great-depression-104686. Accessed 23 Dec. 2019.

This source taught me about the causes of the Great Depression and how they made an impact on families. It also taught me about Black Tuesday and how many families lost everything.

"The Great Depression and Its Causes." *ThoughtCo*, 28 Oct. 2019,

www.thoughtco.com/causes-of-the-great-depression-104686. Accessed 15 Jan. 2020.

This source had many good quotes and different information on why the Great Depression started. I learned there were many different factors causing the Great Depression.

"Great Depression: Causes, Effects and Timeline - Stock Market - Business News, Market Data, Stock Analysis." *TheStreet*, 24 July 2019,

www.thestreet.com/politics/great-depression-causes-14663720. Accessed 5 Jan. 2020.

This source gave me a lot of information on the New Deal and how and what ended the Great Depression. It also told me about several different reasons for how the Great Depression started.

"The Great Depression Facts, Timeline, Causes, Pictures." *Stock System*,

www.stockpickssystem.com/the-great-depression/. Accessed 24 Jan. 2020. This source talked all about the reason for the Great Depression and how it changed many lives and families. The source page has a lot of feelings that people thought during the Great Depression.

Hagerman, Daniel. *Boys Hop Freight Train - Great Depression*. 1930. *Pixels*,

pixels.com/featured/boys-hop-freight-train-great-depression-c-1930-daniel-hagerman.html. Accessed 24 Jan. 2020. This source had a picture of some boys jumping on a train to get a ride somewhere. Many men were homeless and traveled by hopping trains in the Great Depression.

Klein, Christopher. "10 Things You May Not Know About the Dust Bowl." *History.com*, 21

Mar. 2019, www.history.com/news/10-things-you-may-not-know-about-the-dust-bowl. Accessed 22 Jan. 2020. This website had some unique ideas on the Dust Bowl that I did not know about and I did not see anywhere else. The website also explained the Dust Bowl very well.

Maher, Neil M. *Nature's New Deal: The Civilian Conservation Corps and the Roots of the American Environmental Movement*. New York, Oxford UP, 2010. After reading this book I learned many of the ideas Franklin Roosevelt and others had about trying to end the Great Depression. The book talked about how old you had to be and that you couldn't be married to join the Civilian Conservation Corps. The book talked about how much money the men had and what activities they did with their free time.

"The Most Catastrophic Stock Market Crash in the History Explained." *Black Tuesday*, www.blacktuesday.org. Accessed 5 Jan. 2020. This source had information on how Black Tuesday was the start of the stock market crash during the 1920's. I learned that this was the start of the Great Depression and when the Civilian Conservation Corps started.

"NASA Study Finds 1934 Had Worst Drought of Last Thousand Years – Climate Change: Vital Signs of the Planet." *NASA*, 16 Oct. 2014, climate.nasa.gov/news/2175/nasa-study-finds-1934-had-worst-drought-of-last-thousand-years/. Accessed 23 Jan. 2020. This source talks about how bad the drought and climate were during the Dust Bowl. This website also told me how the Dust Bowl started.

"1929-1945: Depression & WW2." *US History for Kids* ***, 9 Jan. 2018, www.american-historama.org/1929-1945-depression-ww2-era/great-depression-poverty.htm. Accessed 23 Dec. 2019. This is a source about how bad the poverty was during the Great Depression. It also talked about how helpful the Civilian Conservation Corps was.

"Oklahoma Weather Timeline - 1930-1939." *Oklahoma Climatological Survey | Oklahoma Weather Timeline*, climate.ok.gov/index.php/climate/weather_timeline/1930_1939. Accessed 23 Jan. 2020. This website has a timeline that told me all the dates of the main

events and weather of the Dust Bowl. This was very helpful for finding out the dates of many important events that most websites don't have.

Pasquill, Robert G. *The Civilian Conservation Corps in Alabama, 1933-1942: A Great and Lasting Good*. Tuscaloosa, U of Alabama P, 2008. This book is about the CCC camps in Alabama during the 1930s, and it contains many details and photographs. It is also helpful because it has many statistics and facts that are about the CCC.

Pearson, P. O'Connell. *Fighting for the Forest: How FDR's Civilian Conservation Corps Helped save America*. New York, Simon & Schuster Books for Young Readers, 2019. This book helped me understand how FDR started the Civilian Conservation Corps. The book taught me how the Civilian Conservation Corps gave enrollees three meals a day, and, before it sent them to work, it conditioned them for two weeks. The book also talks about all the activities the men did in their free time like baseball, music, swimming, and dancing.

"The Physical Legacy of the Civilian Conservation Corps." *Adventure Journal*, 22 May 2015, www.adventure-journal.com/2015/05/weekend-cabin-the-physical-legacy-of-the-civilian-conservation-corps/. Accessed 23 Dec. 2019. This source told me the legacy of the Civilian Conservation Corps. I learned how the Civilian Conservation Corps helped the National Parks and many other places.

"Psychological Impact of the Great Depression." *Encyclopedia of the Great Depression*, www.encyclopedia.com/economics/encyclopedias-almanacs-transcripts-and-maps/psychological-impact-great-depression. Accessed 24 Jan. 2020. This source talked about the impact the Great Depression had on the U.S. citizens and it also has some very good

quotes. The source had a lot of information on how depressed and useless people felt during the Great Depression.

Rosentreter, Roger L. "Roosevelt's Tree Army. Michigan's Civilian Conservation Corps -

Background Reading." *Michigan.gov*,

msu.edu/course/for/101/web/CCC_Rosentreter.html. Accessed 5 Jan. 2020. This article talks about the CCC especially in Michigan. However, it also mentions some of the steps FDR took after his inauguration to get the CCC approved by Congress. I was surprised to see the *New York Times* thought Congress would never approve the bill to create the CCC, but Congress did approve it with almost no debate.

"Run on San Antonio's City-Central Bank and Trust Company during the Depression, 1931 |

Humanities Texas." *Run on San Antonio's City-Central Bank and Trust Company during the Depression, 1931 | Humanities Texas*,

www.humanitiestexas.org/archives/digital-repository/run-san-antonio-s-city-central-bank-and-trust-company-during-depression. Accessed 23 Jan. 2020. This source was all about the stock market crash and how it caused the Great Depression. This source also talks about Black Tuesday, the main event of the stock market crash.

Semo, John V. "The Story of Camp Pattison." *Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources*,

dnr.wi.gov/files/PDF/pubs/pr/PR0282.pdf. Accessed 5 Jan. 2020. This publication contained information on what projects Camp Pattison worked on, and it explained many details about everyday life for boys in the CCC. It had some good photos showing many parts of CCC life including food, education, and recreation. This publication contained greater details about food eaten each day and specific activities the CCC boys did.

Sign for Jobless Men to Keep Going. The Great Depression and New Deal (1930s),

www.concordcarlisle.org/mfischer/ushistory/unit-6-the-great-depression-and-new-deal-1930s/. Accessed 24 Jan. 2020. This website has a picture that I used for my project. The picture was of a sign that said, "Jobless Men Keep Going." This was a picture showing that there were many jobless men in the Great Depression that couldn't take care of their families.

"Texas Gateway." *The Causes of the Great Depression | Texas Gateway,*

www.texasgateway.org/resource/causes-great-depression. Accessed 5 Jan. 2020. This source had many causes and effects of the Great Depression. It told me about how people lost their jobs from the market crash and how it changed many lives.

"Top 20 Dust Bowl Facts - Causes, Effects, Politics & More." *Facts.net*, 4 Dec. 2019,

facts.net/history/disasters/dust-bowl-facts. Accessed 15 Jan. 2020. This source had many interesting facts on the Dust Bowl and how it caused the Great Depression. This source also had some pictures I used on my website.

United States, Congress. *Region 6: Historical and architectural assessment of the depression era work projects. USFWS Report, 2004,*

www.fws.gov/uploadedFiles/Depression%20Era%20Programs%20-%20Region%206.pdf. Accessed 23 Dec. 2019. This source told me everything about the Civilian Conservation Corps from the beginning to the end of the Great Depression. It also told me all of the numbers and dates important to my topic.

"US History II (OS Collection)." *OER Services,*

courses.lumenlearning.com/suny-ushistory2os2xmaster/chapter/the-depths-of-the-great-d

epression/. Accessed 11 Jan. 2020. This is a teaching website that explains challenges America faced during the Great Depression. It gives a description of how many Americans were starving and how the US Government was unwilling to help when Hoover was president.

"What Happened during the Great Depression?" *The Balance*, 14 Dec. 2019,

www.thebalance.com/the-great-depression-of-1929-3306033. Accessed 5 Jan. 2020. This source was very helpful since it told me different reasons the Great Depression started. It also had many reasons why it ended.

"Why Another Dust Bowl Is Likely." *Why Another Dust Bowl Is Likely*, 13 Dec. 2019,

www.thebalance.com/what-was-the-dust-bowl-causes-and-effects-3305689. Accessed 23 Jan. 2020. This source talks about the Dust Bowl and the causes of it. This source was very helpful, because it had some good quotes, a timeline, and a map.